

**AIN SHAMS UNIVERSITY**

**FACULTY OF ENGINEERING**

**CREDIT HOURS ENG. PROGRAM**

**Computer engineering and software systems**

**Ain Shams University**

**Faculty of Engineering**

**Phase 1: CSE 351**

**Project**

**Peer-to-Peer Multi-User Chatting Application**

**Submitted to:**

**Prof. Ayman M. Bahaa-Eldin**

**Submitted by:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Mohamed Mostafa Bedair El Maghraby** | **20p7732** |
| **Malak Mohamed Mahfouz Mohamed Sadek** | **20P7813** |
| **Mohamed Hesham El Said Zidan** | **20p7579** |
| **Ahmed Saif Elsayed Ibrahim Soliman** | **20P7668** |

Contents

[Project Goal: 4](#_Toc154674874)

[Project Scope: 4](#_Toc154674875)

[List of Functionalities: 4](#_Toc154674876)

[1. User Authentication: 4](#_Toc154674877)

[2. Basic Client-Server Setup: 4](#_Toc154674878)

[3. Chat Room Functionality: 5](#_Toc154674879)

[4. Group Messaging in Chat Rooms: 5](#_Toc154674880)

[5. One-to-One Chat Functionality: 5](#_Toc154674881)

[6. Message Formatting and Features: 5](#_Toc154674882)

[7. Error Handling and Resilience: 6](#_Toc154674883)

[8. User Interface (UI) Enhancements: 6](#_Toc154674884)

[System Diagrams 6](#_Toc154674885)

[User Authentication Mechanism State Diagram: 6](#_Toc154674886)

[System Architecture Diagram: 8](#_Toc154674887)

[1.Client server: 8](#_Toc154674888)

[2.Peer to peer: 9](#_Toc154674889)

[Component Diagram: 10](#_Toc154674890)

[Communication Protocols: 11](#_Toc154674891)

[Request Protocols: 11](#_Toc154674892)

[1.Login & Registration protocol 11](#_Toc154674893)

[2.Chatroom protocol 12](#_Toc154674894)

[3.One-to-One protocol 12](#_Toc154674895)

[P2P Chatting Application Introduction 13](#_Toc154674896)

[Server 14](#_Toc154674897)

[Server functions: 15](#_Toc154674898)

[Main(): 15](#_Toc154674899)

[Handle\_Client(): 16](#_Toc154674900)

[Login\_or\_register(): 18](#_Toc154674901)

[Client\_authentication(): 20](#_Toc154674902)

[Client\_Registration(): 21](#_Toc154674903)

[add\_new\_user(): 22](#_Toc154674904)

[is\_unique(): 22](#_Toc154674905)

[is\_strong(): 23](#_Toc154674906)

[Broadcast(): 23](#_Toc154674907)

[Show\_Menue(): 24](#_Toc154674908)

[change\_nickname(): 26](#_Toc154674909)

[show\_Online(): 27](#_Toc154674910)

[show\_available\_chat\_rooms(): 28](#_Toc154674911)

[create\_chat\_room(): 29](#_Toc154674912)

[join\_chat\_room(): 30](#_Toc154674913)

[broadcast\_chatroom(): 31](#_Toc154674914)

[Logout(): 32](#_Toc154674915)

[Client 33](#_Toc154674916)

[Client Functions: 33](#_Toc154674917)

[Main(): 33](#_Toc154674918)

[Receive(): 34](#_Toc154674919)

[Write(): 35](#_Toc154674920)

[Database 36](#_Toc154674921)

[Database Functions: 36](#_Toc154674922)

[Main(): 36](#_Toc154674923)

[Delete\_All(): 37](#_Toc154674924)

[Insert\_db(): 37](#_Toc154674925)

[Repository Link: 38](#_Toc154674926)

[References 38](#_Toc154674927)

# Project Goal:

This project aims to develop a robust, user-centric, and scalable Peer-to-Peer Multi-User Chatting Application using Python and sockets. Focused on text-based communication, to emulate features akin to platforms like Clubhouse, emphasizing secure user authentication, efficient client-server communication, and to implement versatile chat functionalities, including group and one-to-one messaging. Additionally, the project aims to implement user-friendly features such as message formatting and hyperlink support, ensuring a seamless and visually appealing user experience.

# Project Scope:

Core functionalities include user authentication, basic client-server setup, chat room features, group messaging, one-to-one chat sessions, message formatting, error handling, and UI enhancements. The project will adhere to a command-line interface for simplicity, utilize color-coded messages, and focus on documentation to facilitate easy installation, configuration, and usage. Robust error handling, resilience to network interruptions, and scalability to handle increasing user loads will be integral to the application's success.

# List of Functionalities:

## 1. User Authentication:

* User should be able to create an account using a unique username and password or log in to an existing account if one exists.
* User should have his unique usernames used as his identifier for other users.
* User should be able to change his username if desired.

## 2. Basic Client-Server Setup:

* Users should be able to connect to the server using a client application.
* Users should be able to see a list of all the currently active users.

## 3. Chat Room Functionality:

* Users should be able to create or join a chat room.
* Users should be able to see a list of available chat rooms.
* The user that creates the chat room should be the group leader/admin.
* A Chat room admin should be able to remove other participants from the chat.
* When a chat room admin leaves the chat room, the second oldest member in the chat room should become the new admin.
* A chat room admin should be able to make other participants admins.

## 4. Group Messaging in Chat Rooms:

* Users should be able to send/see a message to/from everyone in the chat room.
* Users should receive notifications for new messages.
* Users can turn off notifications/mute from a chat room.

## 5. One-to-One Chat Functionality:

* Users can initiate one-to-one chat sessions, in which users can send/receive messages with only one user.
* Users should receive notifications for new private messages.
* Users can turn off notifications/mute from a user in private chat.

## 6. Message Formatting and Features:

* The application supports basic text formatting (e.g., bold, italics) in messages.
* Requirement: Users can share hyperlinks in messages, which opens a browser and redirects a user that clicked on it to a certain URL.

## 7. Error Handling and Resilience:

* The application implements robust error handling for unexpected scenarios. (for ex: invalid command or character entered)
* User should receive meaningful error messages for troubleshooting.
* Users are automatically reconnected in case of a network interruption.

## 8. User Interface (UI) Enhancements:

* The application implements a clean command line user interface, utilizing color-coded messages.
* User can identify different types of messages, for example usernames appears in a certain colour, notifications appear in a different colour and font, connection errors appear in a third different way. Etc

# System Diagrams

## User Authentication Mechanism State Diagram:

Below is a state Diagram showing the states of the system to authenticate the user either by logging in or registration.

A diagram of a diagram

Description automatically generated with medium confidence

## System Architecture Diagram:

### 1.Client server:

***A diagram of a computer

Description automatically generated***

The way a server provides resources and services to one or more clients is described by the client-server model. We have clients (a, b and c) and it validates user details the same way as peer to peer but in client server the user sends the messages to the server with the receiver name that will receive the message. The connection in client server is between them and the server not between them and each other’s like peer-to-peer

### 2.Peer to peer:

***A diagram of a computer network

Description automatically generated***

A peer-to-peer (P2P) network is created when two or more PCs are connected and share resources without going through a separate server computer. Clients (a, b and c) send requests to connect with the server to validate the user details with database then it will send and receive the messages with each other’s and the server can act as a tracker to coordinate the sending and receiving (optional)

## Component Diagram:

A close-up of a document

Description automatically generated

# Communication Protocols:

Note: These protocols are still under development which means it can be added or modified later along the project.

We’ve created 12 communication protocol, 4 for requests, 4 for successful response messages, and 4 for failure response messages.

## Request Protocols:

### 1.Login & Registration protocol

A screen shot of a computer

Description automatically generated

This protocol is for login & registration requests; therefore, login and registration methods are used in the field “title” and the connection used is TCP to make sure credentials are correctly sent.

Data of sender, IP address and port number, are sent to the recipient server. (Identified using its IP address and port number).

The content of the message itself is the user’s credentials. (username & password)

### 2.Chatroom protocol

A computer code with black text

Description automatically generated

This protocol is for chat room operations. Once again, TCP connection is used to make sure credentials are correctly sent.

Data of sender, IP address and port number, are sent to the recipient server. (Identified using its IP address and port number).

The content of the message itself is the desired method on chat room.

### 3.One-to-One protocol

A close-up of a computer screen

Description automatically generated

Connection type for this protocol is chosen by the user as TCP or UDP depending on his needs and preferences.

Data of sender, IP address and port number, are sent to the recipient server. (Identified using its IP address and port number).

The content of the message itself is the desired method on the private chat.

# P2P Chatting Application Introduction

Just to Remember from phase 1 we wanted to implement Peer-to-Peer Multi-User Chatting Application that has a lot of functionalities mentioned in Phase1.

In this Phase we will discuss implementing The server and the Client and how they interact with each other and how the server handle multiple clients. In addition, we will show how the server authenticate the Client using A TCP Connection with the client through the database.

All of this will be made using python and sockets. A socket is a communications connection point (endpoint) that you can name and address in a network. Socket programming shows how to use socket APIs to establish communication links between remote and local processes.

The processes that use a socket can reside on the same system or different systems on different networks. Sockets are useful for both stand-alone and network applications. Sockets allow you to exchange information between processes on the same machine or across a network, distribute work to the most efficient machine, and they easily allow access to centralized data. Socket application program interfaces (APIs) are the network standard for TCP/IP. A wide range of operating systems support socket APIs. i5/OS sockets support multiple transport and networking protocols. Socket system functions and the socket network functions are thread safe.[2]

# Server

A server is a computer program or device that provides a service to another computer program and its user, also known as the client. In a data centre, the physical computer that a server program runs on is also frequently referred to as a server. That machine might be a dedicated server, or it might be used for other purposes.

In the client/server programming model, a server program awaits and fulfils requests from client programs, which might be running in the same, or other computers. A given application in a computer might function as a client with requests for services from other programs and as a server of requests from other programs.[1]

In this case we will implement the server using Socket programming using python programming language, that is capable of handling multiple clients Simultaneously.

## Server functions:

### Main():

First thing we must import the needed libraries for this task:

1. Socket lib -> for establishing socket connection.
2. Threading lib -> for handling multiple clients
3. Hashlib lib -> for hashing the password before sending it to the database.
4. Sqlite3 -> for connecting with the database and write SQL queries.

A black screen with a black background

Description automatically generated

Then we must specify the address of the of the server and its port number. Then we establish a TCP connection with the server using a socket and we bind the host with the port number and make the server start Listening.

A computer screen with white text

Description automatically generated

Then we make an empty dictionary for the clients to store the client object as a key and for each client object their will be a value of List contain the unique username and the nickname of the client.



Then we will print a “server is listening…” to know that the server is up and running.

Finally a while Loop is made and we will state inside it the **server.accept()** method so we keep accepting clients and we create a thread that will run the **Handle\_Client()** function separately for each accepted client without affecting the server for accepting other clients.

A computer screen with text

Description automatically generated

### Handle\_Client():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. Client object
   2. Address of the client
2. Function Description:

This function is responsible for handling all the client issues starting from logging in and registration ending with allowing the user to chat in a chatting Room or one to one chatting or even if the client suddenly disconnected from the server.

First thing the function calls **Login\_or\_register()** function (navigate to it’s functionality through the table of contents ) , to know the choice of the user whether to login or register , etc. Then it returns a username of the client to be added to the clients dictionary and be able to enjoy the functionalities of the application.

Then it takes a nickname from the client and broadcast to all the other online clients that this client is Online and has joined the server through **Broadcast()** function (navigate to it’s functionality through the table of contents ).

In Case of, the client disconnected in an inappropriate way the server will print that this client has disconnected and if the client was logged in it will broadcast that the client has left the server and he is now offline and then will remove him from the dictionary of the clients and the server will close the connection with this specific client. However, if the client was not logged in the server will only close the connection with this client.

1. Function snippet code:

A screen shot of a computer code

Description automatically generated

### Login\_or\_register():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. Client Object
2. Function Description:

This function Displays the options for the client to either login or register or Close the Application.

In Case of choosing to login, the server will request the username and password of the client and then will authenticate them using **Client\_authentication()** function (navigate to it’s functionality through the table of contents ) , if one of them is wrong it will display a message “Wrong user name or password ” and will let the user to choose the command again , however if the username and password are correct it will login the client to server and show the client the list of features that could be done in the application.

In Case of choosing to Register, The server will request a unique Username from the Client and it will check whether it is unique or not through **is\_unique()** function (navigate to its functionality through the table of contents ). If the username is unique, the server will the let the user to choose his password however if the password is weak, the server will request a strong password, and if it is not weak the new username and password will be saved in the database and the client will be redirected to the Login Options again to choose from it. However, if the username is not unique the server, the server will display “This username has been taken” and will let the user to enter a unique username again.

In Case of choosing an invalid command, the server will display “Please enter A valid command” and will take another command from the client.

1. Function snippet code:

A computer screen with colorful text

Description automatically generated A computer screen shot of a program code

Description automatically generated

### Client\_authentication():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. Username of the Client
   2. Password of the Client
2. Function Description:

This Function connects with the Database and hash the password and then query for the existence of this username with that specific hashed password.

In case it is found it returns True, Otherwise Returns False.

1. Function snippet code:

A screen shot of a computer code

Description automatically generated

### Client\_Registration():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. Client object
   2. Unique Username
2. Function Description:

This function is used after we made sure that the username the client entered is unique using **is\_unique()** function (navigate to it’s functionality through the table of contents ) then the server requests from the user a strong password and the server validates whether the password is strong or not through **is\_strong()** function (navigate to it’s functionality through the table of contents ) after the validation, the server saves the information of the new Account to the Database using **add\_new\_user()** function (navigate to it’s functionality through the table of contents ) and then the server takes the next command from the user and return it to **Login\_or\_Registration()** function .

1. Function snippet code:

A computer screen shot of a program code

Description automatically generated

### add\_new\_user():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. Unique Username
   2. Hashed Password
2. Function Description:

This function connects to the Database and makes an Insert Query to it for the username and password.

1. Function snippet code:

A computer screen shot of a person

Description automatically generated

### is\_unique():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. Username
2. Function Description:

This Function connects with the database and query for the existence of such username in the database, if it is Found the function returns True , otherwise it returns False.

1. Function snippet code:

A screen shot of a computer

Description automatically generated

### is\_strong():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. Client Object
   2. password
2. Function Description:

This function see the length of the password, if it is less than 5 characters, the server notifies the client that this is a weak password, and the server will loop on the password until the client enter a strong one and the function then return the strong password.

1. Function snippet code:

A black screen with white text

Description automatically generated

### Broadcast():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. Message
2. Function Description:

This function aims on looping upon the clients a send them all the message sent to this function.

1. Function snippet code:

A black screen with white text

Description automatically generated

### Show\_Menue():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. Client object
2. Function Description:

This function displays a menu for the client to choose from:

If client chooses: “1” -> the server will show the online users.

If client chooses: “2” -> the server will let the client to create a chatroom with desired name .

If client chooses: “3” -> the server will let the client to join an existing chatroom.

If client chooses: “4” -> the server will show the client the available chat Rooms.

If client chooses: “5” -> the server will initiate 1 to 1 chatting mode.

If client chooses: “6” -> the server will change then nickname of the client.

If client chooses: “7” -> the server will logout the client from his account.

If client typed: “/close!” -> the application will terminate for this client.

1. Function snippet code:

A computer screen shot of a program

Description automatically generated

### change\_nickname():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. Client object
   2. Nickname
2. Function Description:

The function requests from the client to choose a new nick name and then change it for the user and then it broadcast to all online clients that this client has changed his nickname to the new nickname and then returns the client to the menu again to choose new command.

1. Function snippet code:

A computer screen with colorful text

Description automatically generated

### show\_Online():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. Client object
2. Function Description:

The function displays the logged in users to the client with their unique username and their chosen nickname.

Then it waits from the client a respond to either return to the menu again or exit the application.

1. Function snippet code:

A screen shot of a computer program

Description automatically generated

### show\_available\_chat\_rooms():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. Client object
2. Function Description:

This function shows the name of available chatrooms and gives the client the choice from the dame command to join the chosen chatroom without getting back if desired.

In case of no available chatrooms this will be announced to the user and will give the user the option to get back to the menu.

1. Function snippet code:

A screen shot of a computer program

Description automatically generated

### create\_chat\_room():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. Client object
2. Function Description:

This function takes a name from the client for the chat room and create one and then append it to the chatrooms dictionary with it name as key and the clients as its values in shape of list.

Then it let the client to chat with the clients in the chat room through broadcast unction made for chatrooms until the client enters “/exit” to leave chat room and return to back to the menu or “/close!” to close the application.

In case the client entered “/exit” the client will be removed from the clients list in the chatroom dictionary of that specific chatroom and will delete the chatroom if that client was the last client in this chatroom.

1. Function snippet code:

A screen shot of a computer program

Description automatically generated

### join\_chat\_room():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. Client object
   2. Chatroom name
2. Function Description:

This function does the same functionality as create\_chat\_room() function however the only difference is that it checks weather that the Chatroom name that the client entered is available or valid or not and if it is valid , it broadcasts to all the clients in the chatroom that this client has joined the chat room.

1. Function snippet code:

A screen shot of a computer program

Description automatically generated

### broadcast\_chatroom():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. Client object
   2. Message
   3. Chat Room name
2. Function Description:

This function first checks for the existence of the chatroom in the chat room dictionary , if not no broadcast will happen.

If it does exist it will loop on each client in the that chatroom and send the message to all one of them except the one who sends the message, and it will be received by them under the of the nickname of the client not the unique username of his.

1. Function snippet code:

A computer screen with text

Description automatically generated

### Logout():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. Client object
2. Function Description:

This function will broadcast to all online clients that this specific client by his nickname is now offline and then he will removed from the clients dictionary and then when this function returns to the function it was invoked from (**show menu** function) it will break from the while loop and return to **handle client** function to enter a new loop which starts with logging In the user again.

1. Function snippet code:

A screen shot of a computer code

Description automatically generated

# Client

## Client Functions:

### Main():

First thing we will import the necessary libraries for running the client code

1. Socket
2. threading

A screenshot of a computer program

Description automatically generated

Then we make a client object using socket library establishing a TCP connection, then we specify the address and the port number of the server to be connected with.

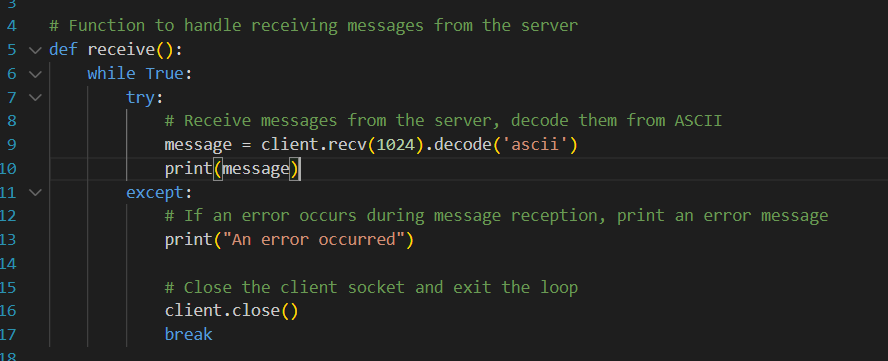
Finally, we will make two threads, one for the **receive** function and the other one for the **write** function so they can work simultaneously and independently. Noticing that we will put all of this code inside try except statement in case the client code is running without a server to catch this exception.

### Receive():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. NULL
2. Function Description:

This function consists of a while loop containing the receiving function from the server to keep receive messages or commands from the server and print this message being Received for the Client.

1. Function snippet code:



### Write():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. NULL
2. Function Description:

This consists of a while loop that keeps taking input from the client and send it to the Server.

If the client sends “/close!” at any time the connection with client will be closed and the application will close.

1. Function snippet code:

A black screen with text

Description automatically generated

# Database

First of all, this code of the data base can be used only once just to initialize and create a table in the database and to create a database File. However it can be modified upon Request.

## Database Functions:

### Main():

First Thing we Import the necessary libraries for establishing the database.

A black background with white text

Description automatically generated

Then we create an Empty Table Named “**Client\_Data**” using SQL query, Having The username as its primary key as the username must be unique for each Client, and a password related to that Username.

A black screen with white text

Description automatically generated

After executing one or more SQL statements or modifications to the database (such as inserts, updates, or deletes), the changes are not immediately applied to the database. Instead, they are held in a transaction.

Calling **connection.commit()** is necessary to commit (save) the changes made during the current transaction to the database.



### Delete\_All():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. NULL
2. Function Description:

This function establishes a connection with the database, then run and SQL query for Deleting All the entries inside the Table.

1. Function snippet code:

A screen shot of a computer code

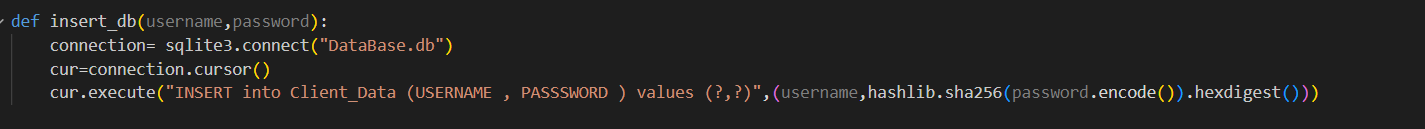
Description automatically generated

### Insert\_db():

1. Function Parameters:
   1. Username
   2. Password
2. Function Description:

This function establishes a connection with the database, then run and SQL query for inserting a new entry (Row) inside the table after hashing the password using the Hashlib Library.

1. Function snippet code:



# Repository Link:

<https://github.com/MHZDN/-P2P-Multi-User-Chatting>

# References

1. [https://www.techtarget.com/whatis/definition/server [1](https://www.techtarget.com/whatis/definition/server%20%5b1)]
2. <https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/i/7.1?topic=communications-socket-programming> [2]